

## Triage Procedures

1. Stop, look, listen and think
2. Conduct voice triage
3. Follow a systematic route
4. Conduct triage evaluation

**"M"/Green = Minor**

**"D"/Yellow = Delayed**

**"I"/Red = Immediate**

**"DEAD"/Black**

5. Treat "I"/Red victims immediately
6. Document results

## CERT 9 Step Size-Up

1. Gather facts.
2. Assess & communicate damage
3. Consider probabilities
4. Assess your own situation
5. Establish priorities
6. Make decisions
7. Develop plans of action
8. Take action
9. Evaluate progress

## "Killers"

### No breathing:

- Use head tilt/chin lift 1 or 2 times

### Excessive bleeding:

- Direct pressure
- Elevation
- Pressure points

### Shock:

Main signs to look for:

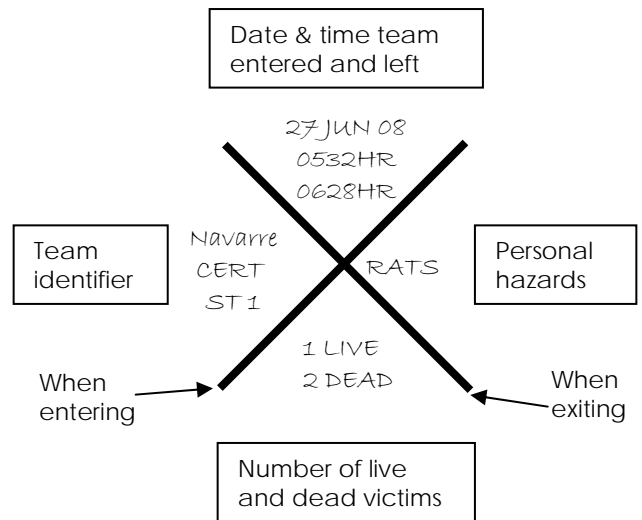
- Rapid and shallow breathing.
- Capillary refill of greater than 2 seconds.

- Failure to follow simple commands
- Changes in skin color.

Treatment:

- Lay the victim on his/her back.
- Elevate feet 6-10 inches above the level of the heart.
- Maintain an open airway.
- Control obvious bleeding.
- Maintain body temperature
- Avoid rough or excessive handling

## Marking Searched Areas



## Whistle Signals

1 long signal (3 seconds)  
*CEASE OPERATIONS/ALL QUIET*

3 short signals (1 second each)  
followed by pause, repeated until  
all members are accounted for  
*EVACUATE THE AREA*

1 long signal and 1 short signal  
*RESUME OPERATIONS*